Train the trainer TEACH CVI project

Dublin, Ireland 9th to 10th of May 2017

Chapter III

Judith Cederhag, Elisabeth Jessen, Gunnel Torége, Annika Södergren Agency for Special Needs Education and Schools, Sweden

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Chapter III – Literacy profile for children with Cerebral Visual Impairment



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Literacy

T E A C H E R A V S M U S I +

Literacy is not only about the ability to read and write. It is an act of liberation and empowerment, of taking a role as an active citizen in society. Literacy is "reading the word and the world".

(Freire & Macedo, 1987).



The Convention on the Rights of the Child

"The child shall have the right to freedom of expression; this right shall include freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, regardless of frontiers, either orally, in writing or in print, in the form of art, or through any other media of the child's choice."

(United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child, Article 13).

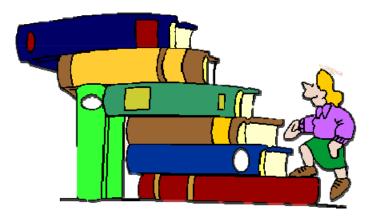




Stages of Literacy Development¹



- Building a Foundation for Literacy Development
- o Early Emergent Literacy
- o Emergent Literacy
- o Developing Literacy
- o Early Independent
- o Independent Literacy
- o Expanding Literacy



^[1] Adapted from http://literacy.nationaldb.org/index.php/literacy-development-continuum Picture: http://www.llanfairps.com/uploads/1/9/3/2/19325013/6682435_orig.gif

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Stages of	Examples	Age
Literacy		
Development		
Building a	E.g. chew on books, enjoy rhymes, attend	0 – 2
Foundation for	to pictures, understand that an object can	
Literacy	be a symbol for an activity, etc.	
Development		
Early Emergent	Pretend reading, listen to stories, recite and	2-4
Literacy	fill in phrases in a story, scribble, draw, etc.	

Emergent	Understand that text and pictures convey	4 – 5
Literacy	meaning, begin to recognize familiar	
	environmental print and their name, may write	
	some letters, etc.	
Developing	Awareness that words are made of different	6 – 7
Literacy	sounds, decode words, write simple sentences,	
	etc.	
Early	Shift from "learn to read" to "read to learn",	8-9
Independent	read independently for a longer time, write own	
Literacy	ideas and observations, etc.	

Independent Literacy	Read confidently and independently in multiple modes of text, written work is organized, coherent and easily understood, etc.	
Expanding Literacy	Reading for acquisition of knowledge, analyse and think critically about ideas presented in text, write for a variety of reasons and in diverse modes, etc.	

Part 11. Literacy profile for children with CVI

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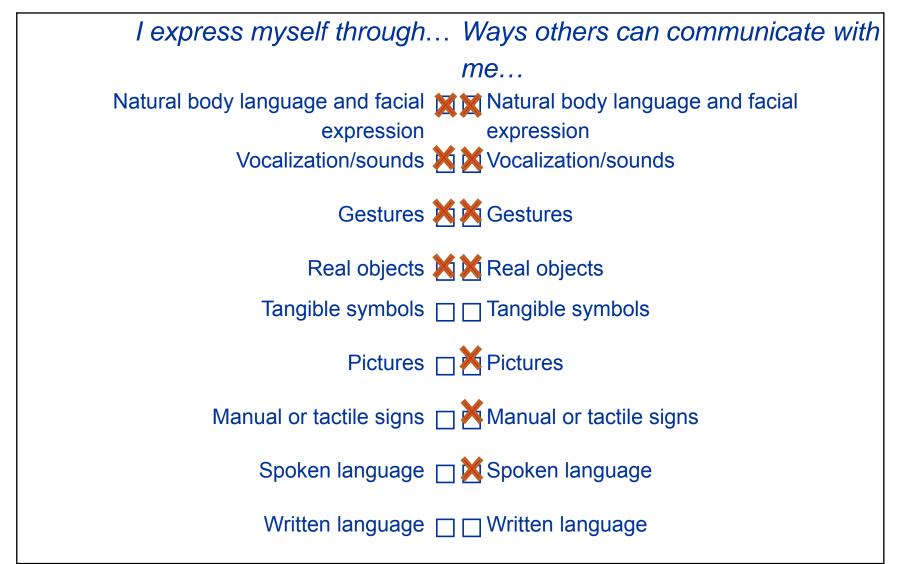
NAME: BOB	DATE: 10 TH MAY, 201715 TH OCT, 2017
	•

SCHOOL: ST. JOSEPH'S FILLED IN BY: CATHERINE

A. Stage of literacy development

Stage of Literacy Development	Check stage	Observations Examples of activities
Building a Foundation for Literacy Development	\checkmark	Bob likes to sit in teacher's lap and look into books with simple pictures. Enjoys rhymes and songs. Brings along a glass to tell he is thirsty.
Early Emergent Literacy		Bob picks up books on his own and pretends reading, following the lines with his finger.

B. Foundation for literacy: Expressing and receiving information



C. My literacy profile

My name is: Bob

Things I like to talk about: *my dog Rufus, car brands, sounds of vehicles*

Activities I like to do: swing, play with car garage, read picture books, listen to music



My favourite toys: Rory car with sound, picture book "Roadworks"

My favourite colour(s): *Red*

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My best sense(s) for learning:

□ Vision

Hearing

□ Touch

🔀 Movement

□ Smell/taste

My personal aids:

Glasses for near vision tasks

for distance vision tasks
Hearing aid(s)
left
right

Other:

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My equipment for literacy learning:

(e.g. sloping board, computer, speech synthesis, writing aids,

switches, orthotic devices etc.)

Sloping board, individual pen holder

My preferred light conditions:

- Spotlight for near vision tasks
- **Solution** Daylight/bright light
- □ Dimmed light

Other:

Conditions that support my visual attention:

- 🔀 Quiet environment
- Relation background
- Kavourite colour(s)
- Sood contrasts
- Well-known materials/tasks
- □ Elements of movement/shiny objects
- \Box Time to respond
- X One sense at a time
- □ Other:

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ERAVS How to present a task for me: MUSI+ My best body position to access visual tasks: Sitting in my work chair Optimal distance to present a task for me: 30 cm My best visual field to view a target: □ on my left □straight ahead ≤ on my right Side: Height: above eye level to at eye level \Box below eye level

TEACH

I can see best when the target is

X Moving 🛛 🗆 Still

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Maximal number of targets presented at a time:

□ One X Two □ Three or more □ Well spaced

Maximal number of colours at a time:

 \Box One \bigotimes Two \Box Three or more

Best background to present visual target: *black*

My object and picture specification:					
	Optimal size	Coloured	Black and White		
Objects	15-20 cm	×			
Photographs	20 cm	×			
Simple pictures	20 cm	×			
Complex pictures					
Drawings					
Other:					
💢 The use of real of	objects alongside a p	icture/text su	pports my		
understanding					
Present obje	ect before I attend to	a picture or te	ext		
Present obje	ect at the same time a	as picture or t	ext		
Y Drocont obje	et after Lattend to a	nicture or tox	ŧ		

X Present object after I attend to a picture or text

Text – My print specification:

Font: Arial

Font size: 80

⊠ Bold or □ plain text

Spacing: Between lines

- 🞽 Between words
- □ Between letters/numbers

□ Braille

□ Other:

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My working space:

Position in the classroom: *left corner, next to window*

- Equipment and adaptations:
- Spotlight Spotlight
- 🔀 Tidy desk

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Simple, clutter free working environment (Trifold, screen, reading

stand)

Sloped board or table Angle: 70

- Plain table or tray top Colour: Black
- X Colour coding of materials and/or personal things
- Bright coloured pens, exercise books and rulers
- □ Adapted keyboard
- Other:

This is how my working space should look like (photo):





http://www.pathstoliteracy.org/sites/pathsto literacy.perkinsdev1.org/files/uploadedimages/LMA1.JPG

http://3.bp.blogspot.com/-B4gWseEqK2M/Ugwxl6pqdql/AAAAAAABH w/8SFe2ZSwixc/s1600/IMG_1629.JPG



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Focus and motivation:

Length of time I can focus on visual tasks: 5 min

How I show that I am motivated: I sit still, my eyes focus at the task

My best motivator or reward: *Playing with cars*

How I show that I am getting tired: *I giggle, move around on my chair*

How I show that I am bored: I play around with things on my table,

look around

Things I like to do during breaks or after visual activities:

Go and get some water to drink, play a game with balls, listen to

music





Final thoughts

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- Please note that provided information are not exhaustive
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